

SHONTS TURNS DOWN THE MOTORMEN; NEW SUBWAY AND 'L' TIE-UP IS FEARED

GRAVEUR, VICTIM OF TRAGEDY IN PHILADELPHIA, SHOT BY A JEALOUS BROOKLYN WOMAN

Mrs. Harry Belzer Also Mortally Wounded Mysterious Woman Who Was With Him. THEN KILLS HERSELF. Dead Woman Is Identified by Mrs. Francis Appman, Sister of the Murdered Man.

His love for pretty and attractive women and his inconstancy to them led to the murder of Joseph C. Graveur, President of the Albemarle Garage Company, of No. 45 West One Hundred and Eighteenth Street, shortly after 1 o'clock this morning in a room at the Hotel Walton, Philadelphia, by Mrs. Harry Belzer, better known as Margaret McAndrews, the woman also shot and badly wounded Mrs. J. C. LaDuc, who was with Graveur, and then killed herself.

Graveur and his companion motored from New York on Monday and reached the Hotel Walton on Tuesday afternoon, where they registered as man and wife. The police have learned that Mrs. Belzer reached Philadelphia on Monday and spent most of the night and all day Tuesday looking for the couple. She located them last night at the Hotel Walton. They were at the theatre and she went to the roof to listen to the music until their return. It was after 1 o'clock when she entered their room and the shooting occurred a few moments later.

DYING WOMAN WOULD NOT GIVE INFORMATION.
The identification of Mrs. Belzer was made by Mrs. Appman, a sister of Graveur, who went from here this morning as soon as she had heard of the tragedy. She believed when she left New York that Mrs. Belzer was the woman who killed her brother. This afternoon she went to the Jefferson Hospital but said that she didn't know the woman who is believed to be in a dying condition there. She told her that she was Joe's sister and that both he and Margaret were dead.

"Lean over me," whispered Mrs. LaDuc. "You can notify my sister. Joe and I were in the room when this woman knocked at the door. We were fully dressed and Joe opened the door. It happened so quickly we didn't know what was going on. Please don't ask me any more. I don't want anybody to know about this but my sister."

SISTER OF THE DYING WOMAN LEAVES FOR PHILADELPHIA.
Mrs. H. Mann, the sister of Mrs. LaDuc, lives at No. 14 East One Hundred and Twentieth Street. She was leaving for Philadelphia this afternoon when seen by an Evening World reporter.

"I am going to Philadelphia to see my sister who has been hurt in an accident," she said. "Mr. Graveur was a friend of the family, but he hadn't seen my sister for several years. My sister went to Philadelphia on Monday to see her nephew. She didn't go with Mr. Graveur. If she met him there it was by accident. My sister lives in Chicago and has been here only a short time. She stopped at the Claridge and then at the Theresa. She is happily married."

One of the telephone numbers Mrs. LaDuc called up during her stay at the Theresa was Harlem 3500. This is the number of Graveur's garage. Graveur made the acquaintance of Mrs. McAndrews, as she called herself, while she was employed in a Forty-second Street store as a demonstrator in the perfume department. She left there on Jan. 1 to live

FIFTY FLEE HOMES WHEN BOMB EXPLODES

Little Damage Done, and Victim Denies Receiving Black Hand Threats.

Fifty residents at the six-story tenement at No. 344 East Thirty-ninth Street hurriedly sought the fire escapes and other exits early to-day when a bomb exploded at the door of Joseph La Maneco, on the fourth floor.

La Maneco lives with his father and mother and his own family. He is a quiet person, employed as a concrete mixer on the new Seventh Avenue Subway. He had received no threatening letters and knew of no reason why he should be a bomb victim.

No material damage was done other than a slight injury to the wall and the door of the La Maneco flat.

POLICE AUTO CRASHES INTO GRAND ST. CAR

Two Detectives Hurt in Collision—Musician Injured in Another Wreck.

A police automobile commanded by Lieut. Kelly and operated by Policeman Undermark ran head-on into a Grand Street car turning south at the Bowery to go to the Post Office early to-day.

Detective Friedlander and Policeman Undermark were cut about the hands. None of the passengers on the car was injured.

Madeline Kereska, a musician, living at the Young Women's Christian Association, One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street and Lenox Avenue, was hurt in a collision of surface cars at One Hundred and Sixteenth Street and Lenox Avenue. Her back was cut. She was taken to Harlem Hospital.

The front of a Twenty-third Street crosstown car was smashed when it collided with a big brewery truck on Madison Avenue. Policeman Albert Frauenberger, who was on the car, was cut on the right hand but remained on duty.

British Officers Ordered Released From Ellis Island.

Commissioner of Immigration Howe to-day received an order from Washington directing that Major Arthur Humphries and Lieut. Hugh Lawrie be granted permission to proceed through this country to Canada. They gave Victoria, B. C., as their destination. Commissioner Howe said that the men would be released from Ellis Island at once.

4,250-Ton British Steamer Sunk.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The British steamer Brownian has been sunk, a Lloyd's announcement to-day states. The Brownian was of 4,250 tons gross.

with Graveur. She told the girl in the store, all of whom were very fond of her, that Graveur had promised to get her a divorce from Belzer and then marry her.

Graveur's wife had died only a few months before he met Mrs. Belzer. He was a man, according to those who knew him best, who was fond of a "splurge" with pretty and stylish women when he made a little "clean-up" in his business. Three months ago he grew cold toward Mrs. Belzer

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FORMER PROBATION CHIEF OF NEW YORK SLAIN BY A WOMAN



STILL ANOTHER VICTIM OF BLACKMAIL GANG

Wealthy Iowa Man Fleeced Out of \$10,000 Through a Young Woman Decoy.

CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—Investigation of a new blackmail plot in which, it is alleged, a wealthy Iowa man was fleeced out of \$10,000 by methods similar to those employed by the "million dollar blackmail syndicate" recently exposed, was started to-day by Federal officials.

The Iowa man, a widower, is said to have been duped by a young woman and a man who posed as a Government agent and "arrested" the Iowa man on charge of violating the Mann Law. The Federal officials withheld the names.

MILITIA FROM 14 STATES ARE ORDERED TO BORDER

Ten Thousand Men Now in Service Are to Return to Homes to Make Way for Them.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—National Guard organizations from New Hampshire, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, District of Columbia, Virginia, New York, Alabama, Georgia, Connecticut, Florida, Michigan, Minnesota, Colorado and California, were ordered to the Mexican border to-day by the War Department. Among the organizations are the Third New York Artillery and Battery C, New Jersey Artillery.

Instructions were sent to Gen. Funston ordering him to select upon the arrival of these organizations at the border 10,000 National Guard Infantry now on duty there and return them to State mobilization camps.

BRITISH AID TOBACCO MEN.

Withdraw Regulations Which Were Opposed by American Growers.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Great Britain has withdrawn regulations for the importation of cigar tobacco which American growers have declared would ruin their business.

Carrutha Damages One of Her Propellers.

LIVERPOOL, England, Sept. 27.—Consable mystery surrounded the Cunard liner Carrutha when a short time after putting to sea this morning she returned to her pier. Later it was explained at the company's offices that the liner had damaged one of her propellers when leaving the dock. The Carrutha was the first vessel to reach the Titanic in April 1912 and brought the majority of the survivors to New York.

Painter Electrocuted in Jersey.

Joseph Post, a painter, employed by the Public Service Corporation, was electrocuted in Jersey City to-day while at work on a pole along the elevated railroad near Lavine Avenue. He came in contact with a live wire and fell from the pole checked to death. His body was taken to a morgue. Post was only 35 years of age and the Jersey City police gave his address as No. 1281 Laplan Avenue, New York.

BIG VICTORY FOR BRITISH IN BATTLE FOR THIEPVAL IS ADMITTED BY GERMANS

London and Paris Report New Gains Following the Capture of Combles.

TAKE 4,000 PRISONERS.

Battle Going On in Underground Warrens of Combles—Streets Filled With Dead.

BERLIN, Sept. 27 (by wireless to Sayville).—After unusually severe fighting on the Somme front, in which the Entente Allies suffered heavy losses, they captured Thiepval and gained ground on both sides of Courcellette, the War Office announced to-day. Attacks further to the east were repulsed by the Germans.

Following is the official account of operations on the Franco-Belgian front:

"Army group of Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria: The battle north of the Somme continued with exceedingly severe artillery fighting and strenuous infantry engagements. The salient corner of Thiepval was lost. On both sides of Courcellette the enemy, after repeated failures which cost him large losses, finally gained ground.

"Further to the east the enemy was repulsed. The enemy was unable to extend the success of Sept. 25, following the occupation of the village of Gueudecourt. Violent hostile attacks from Les Boefus and along the front from Merval to a point south of Bouchavesnes were repulsed with heavy losses for the enemy, partly in hand-to-hand fighting.

"South of the Somme French hand grenade attacks near Verdunvillers and Chaulnes failed."

PERONNE AND BAPAUME NEXT, CRY OF ALLIED VICTORS AT COMBLES

LONDON, Sept. 27.—Capture by the British of the long-resisting Thiepval stronghold, following closely and unexpectedly upon the capture of Combles by the combined allied forces was itself followed up last night by a new stroke on the part of the French south of the Somme, where they drove out from Verdunvillers and captured a strongly-fortified wood to the east of the town.

Gen. Haig in his report to-day also mentioned the gaining of new positions on the Somme front. He said between 2,000 and 4,000 prisoners were taken in fighting on Monday and Tuesday.

The reported captures by the French bring this total up to more than 4,000. Unofficial figures show the aggregate number of prisoners taken by the Anglo-French armies during the Somme offensive, from July 1 to date, have been 60,000, with some 120 square miles of territory and 41 villages.

With the British to-day the cry is "on to Bapaume," while the French come back with the slogan "on to Peronne."

An attack upon both these German towns is expected.

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MARTINE DEFEATS WESCOTT 3 TO 1 IN N. J. SENATE FIGHT

President's Critic Has Overwhelming Majority in Contest for Nomination.

With returns from New Jersey's primary election still incomplete to-day, these results were indicated by the vote in two-thirds of the districts:

James E. Martine won the Democratic nomination for United States Senator over John W. Wescott by a large plurality, running at the ratio of three to one. While north Jersey gave Wescott a majority, Hudson and southern counties rolled up an overwhelming vote for the present Senator.

Joseph S. Frelinghuysen won the Republican nomination for United States Senator over ex-Gov. Franklin Murphy by about 10,000 plurality. Walter E. Edge of Atlantic City captured the Republican nomination for Governor over Col. Austen Colgate and George L. Record by a plurality estimated at 2,500.

H. Otto Wittmann was nominated in the Democratic primaries for Governor without opposition.

RESULTS SPELL DEFEAT FOR POLITICAL MACHINES.

In all the contests, the voters administered defeat to the efforts of regular organization machines. This was particularly the case in the populous counties of Essex (Newark) and Hudson (Hoboken).

Essex County cast 20,147 votes for Colgate, 10,150 for Edge and 4,162 for Record. Hudson County, with 159 districts missing, gave Colgate 4,634; Edge 2,028 and Record 975.

Passaic County was another disappointment to the regular organization. With only six districts missing it gave Colgate 6,987, Edge 6,345 and Record 2,707.

In the southern part of the State Atlantic Edge's home county, rolled up 6,600 votes for him and only 1,737 for Colgate. Camden gave him two to one, and Mercer 4,229 to only 1,808 for Colgate.

In the Democratic Senatorial contest Martine simply swept over his opponent in all sections of the State. Essex County was expected to give Wescott a heavy majority, because "Boss" Nugent had decided to stand by the National Administration and cast all his support to its candidate, Wescott.

While returns are not yet complete, Martine is estimated to have carried Wescott by 1,000.

WESCOTT SUPPOSED TO HAVE HAD WILSON'S SUPPORT.

In 1,119 districts out of 1,493, Martine received 29,247 votes to 14,816 for Wescott. Hudson County, Martine's greatest stronghold, was not included in these figures.

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STIELOW'S LAWYER SAYS CONFESSION WAS GOT BY FORCE

Cites "Third Degree" Methods and Alleges a Promise of Immunity.

PRISONER MAY TESTIFY.

Witnesses Who Recanted Statements Made to Mrs. Humiston to Be Called.

(Special to The Evening World.)

ROCHESTER, Sept. 27.—"There has never been a case like this in the history of jurisprudence." In this way ex-Judge Sutherland characterized the Stielow case as attorney for Stielow in his argument before Judge Rodenbeck on a motion for a new trial. "There is a bigger question than Stielow's life at stake," he added, and dwelt at length on the third degree methods used by Newton, the detective, in securing the confession.

"They put him through every degree that ever was conferred south of the Rio Grande," declared ex-Judge Sutherland. He then read affidavits which he claimed were promises of immunity and Newton, acting for the District Attorney, constituted the same authority "as a pledge of the State of New York."

The confession of King, who said he committed the crime and then recanted, was dwelt upon by Sutherland. He said:

"King made this confession of his own free will before reputable witnesses. He also reiterated it before Mr. Knickerbocker, the District Attorney, the next day, and it was not until King was in an automobile with Newton, the detective, and other officials on their way to Albany that the recantation was secured."

James Osborne continued the argument and great stress was put on the new evidence produced that the gun with which Stielow was supposed to have committed the crime had no marks on the bullets, as was held in the first trial. Counsel for Stielow brought out the fact that there is no law in New York that grants allowance for expert testimony for a pay per accused of a crime.

Judge Rodenbeck is considering whether he will call Stielow, King and the Laskey family. District Attorney Knickerbocker is very much concerned about the latter witnesses, who made affidavits to Mrs. Grace Humiston, attorney for Stielow, and recanted them to Knickerbocker, after which they stated that the District Attorney threatened them with jail when they recanted. They have again reiterated their first affidavits. Knickerbocker has asked that they be brought to court.

BERLIN POKES FUN AT BRITISH "TANKS"

BERLIN (by wireless to Sayville), Sept. 27.—According to imprisoned crews of the armored automobiles used by the British on the Somme front (the famous "tanks," as the British soldiers call them), the new machines have proved a complete failure, says the Overseas News Agency to-day. It continued:

"The prisoners point out that the cars are only able to advance at the rate of a mile an hour and therefore make excellent targets for artillery fire. They instance seven of these machines that started in the advance of Sept. 16, only two of which reached their objective, even those being then completely put out of action by shell fire. Their occupants declare them atrociously clumsy and to travel in because of the noise, smoke and other inconveniences."

INTERBORO MEN'S DEMANDS PUT BEFORE SERVICE BOARD BY RAILROAD BROTHERHOOD

Federation Secretary Declares 125,600 Have Joined Trades Walk-Out to Aid Carmen, but All Are Jews Who Begin Holiday To-Night.

FINAL VOTE TO-MORROW BY BUILDING TRADES

The possibility of a strike that would really tie up—temporarily at least—the "L" and subway lines came to light to-day when L. G. Griffing, Deputy Grand Chief, and A. L. Gridley, Organizer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, visited Chairman Oscar Straus of the Public Service Commission and presented a set of grievances of the subway and elevated motor engineers.

A considerable percentage of the men who handle the motors on the subway and "L" trains are members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

Mr. Griffing informed Mr. Straus that he had been called here from Cleveland by reports that differences existed between the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and the Interborough. He made an investigation and then wrote to President Shonts of the Interborough asking for an interview. Mr. Shonts, he said, refused to see him. He placed his case in the hands of Chairman Straus, who probably will confer with Mr. Shonts.

President Shonts, when told of the visit of the Brotherhood chief to Mr. Straus, said he was at a loss to understand it. There has not been a single complaint from a motorman registered with him, he said, and he knows of no dissatisfaction.

"I received a letter from Mr. Griffing a week ago," he said, "asking for an appointment to discuss matters of mutual interest, as he put it. I told him that we were always willing to meet employees, but as I didn't understand that he was one I couldn't conceive of any matter of mutual interest that we could discuss. I heard no more from Mr. Griffing and his letter is the only intimation I have had that there is any dissatisfaction."

125,600 On Strike, Says Bohm; Expects 263,000 Out To-Morrow

At the conclusion of the first session of the Labor Conference Convention, which met at Beethoven Hall this afternoon to organize and continue as a governing body throughout the sympathetic strike, Ernest Bohm, Secretary, declared he had reports showing 125,600 men and women already are on strike or will go on strike to-day. He said these sympathetic strikers are members of the United Garment Workers, painters, paperhangers, house-movers, house wreckers and allied trades.

Mr. Bohm did not deny that all these workers are Jews. The Jewish New Year celebration begins at sunset, and the Jewish trades unionists would have quit work until next Sunday or Monday anyhow, so it will be impossible to determine until Monday whether the 125,600 claimed by Mr. Bohm are strikers or observers of a religious festival.

"We expect that 263,000 more union workers will go on strike to-morrow," said Mr. Bohm, keeping his countenance straight in the mean-while.

SAYS BUILDING TRADES WILL GO OUT.

"I have just received telephone information that the building trades will go out in a body. Other union workers that are ready to strike are the painters, subway and carmen men, engineers and firemen, brewery workers, and electrical workers."

Mr. Bohm's information that the building trades will go out in a body

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